
Beginner's Guide to Performance!

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We have a lot to talk about...

- Hosting Options
 - Content Delivery Networks
 - Drupal's Cache Mechanisms
 - Opcode Caches: APC
 - Memcached
 - Varnish (And other Reverse Proxies)
 - Static Caching
 - Web Server Tweaks (ETags, gzip-compression, etc.)
 - Front End (sprites, compressing images, minifying code)
 - Benchmarking (are we going faster yet?)
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Hosting Options

Shared

Managed
Cheap!

Unreliable
Does not scale
Limited Tuning Options
Slow

VPS/Cloud

Dedicated Resources
Affordable
Scales
Excellent Performance

Read/Write Speeds

Dedicated/CoLo

Dedicated Resources
Excellent Performance

Expensive
More difficult to scale
More difficult to manage

Managed/Unmanaged

Unmanaged

- You might have to wake up at 3am to fix a problem
- Security patches, updates, etc. are your responsibility
- All configuration (security and otherwise) is your responsibility
- Cheaper

Managed

- Someone else has to be awake at 3am to fix a problem
 - Security patches done regularly
 - You can still make it insecure, you can still break it
 - Way more expensive
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Managed/Unmanaged

Unmanaged

- Amazon Web Services (AWS)
- Linode
- MediaTemple (ve)
- Rackspace CloudServers

Managed

- Acquia Managed/Acquia DevCloud
 - GetPantheon
 - GetCadre
 - MediaTemple (dv)
 - Rackspace **Managed** CloudServers
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Content Delivery Network (CDN)

- Host Static Content
 - Video/Music/Images
 - Static HTML/JS/CSS
 - Streaming*
 - Global Network Reduces Latency
 - Inexpensive (or free?)
 - Requires Pressflow 6 or Drupal 7
 - CNAME record
 - **media**.yourdomain.com
 - **cdn**.yourdomain.com
 - CDN Module <http://www.drupal.org/project/cdn>
 - Origin Pull/File Convey
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I don't need a CDN!, my
host provides
UNLIMITED
BANDWIDTH!!

Origin Pull

1. **User:** request (from USA)
 - a. <http://mycdn.mydomain.com/HugeFile.jpg>
 2. **CDN:** Uhh, I don't have this file, let me go *pull* it from the *origin*
 - a. <http://www.mydomain.com/HugeFile.jpg>
 - b. Now I have the file, I'll keep it
 - c. And I'll distribute it all over the world!

 3. **User 2:** request (from Japan)
 - a. <http://mycdn.mydomain.com/HugeFile.jpg>
 4. **CDN:** I have that file! And I have a copy on a server in Japan already!
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Popular CDNS

- Google
 - jquery
 - fonts
 - Amazon CloudFront
 - Rackspace CloudFiles
 - CloudFlare (free plan)
 - Akamai
 - Limelight
 - Azure CDN
 - Internap (Voxel)
 - MaxCDN
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Origin Pull CDN Steup

1. Download/Install CDN Module
 2. Choose CDN provider
 3. Configure provider to point at your web server
 4. Configure CDN Module with provider URL (or CNAME)
 5. Your site is faster!
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Caching in General

Complex Query

```
SELECT customer_id, customer_name,  
COUNT(order_id) as total  
FROM customers INNER JOIN orders  
ON customers.customer_id = orders.  
customer_id  
GROUP BY customer_id,  
customer_name  
HAVING COUNT(order_id) > 5  
ORDER BY COUNT(order_id) DESC
```

Logic

```
if(today == "Tuesday"){  
    $output .= "Tuesday's lunch  
special"  
}
```

Output

```
<html>  
<body class="front">  
    <div id="page">  
<div id="site-header">  
    <div class="branding">
```

**This is all I
care about!
cache this!**

Caching in Drupal

- Rules for caching
 - Page
 - Role
 - User
 - Global
 - Custom
- Lots and lots of caching modules!*
- `cache_set($id, $data, $bin, $expiration);`
who what where when

*<http://groups.drupal.org/node/21897>

PHP Accelerators

APC

eAccelerator

xCache

- Store compiled code
 - Put compiled code in memory
 - Can be used to cache other stuff in memory
 - Yes, there's a module for that
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APC (Alternative PHP Cache)

Instantly improve drupal performance:

```
pecl install apc
```

in php.ini:

```
extension = apc.so
```

```
apc.shm_size = 48
```

source: <http://2bits.com/articles/benchmarking-drupal-with-php-op-code-caches-apc-eaccelerator-and-xcache-compared.html>

Memcached

- Store values in memory
 - key/value
 - Service (download from <http://memcached.org/>)
 - PHP extension (memcache)
 - PECL like APC
 - Drupal Module
 - Memcache
 - CacheRouter (no D7)
 - Many alternatives (like APC, Redis)
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Varnish!

- Caches entire pages (Static content)
 - Reverse Proxy
 - Runs before a webserver
 - Apache's "body guard"
 - Because apache is kind of slow
 - Drupal module for invalidating cache
 - Caches to memory
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BOOST! (Static Cache)

- Make an HTML copy of your website
 - **Anonymous** users served plain-old-html
 - Super easy to configure!
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1. Download/Enable BOOST module
 2. Configure
 3. Copy rules into .htaccess file
 4. Test
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Alternative Web Servers

- Nginx
 - Lighttpd
 - Custom apache configs
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ETags

- Tell your browser if they have the latest
 - Don't work well in clustered environments
 - Set to "none"
 - Instead, use Expires
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gZip

- Unzipping Text = faster than downloading
 - Many modules do this for you!
 - Boost
 - AdvAgg
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Reduce HTTP Requests

- Combine JS
 - AdvAgg/D7
 - Combine CSS
 - AdvAgg/D7
 - Combine Images (Sprites)
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Sprites

- One big image
 - buttons
 - icons
 - logo
 - navigation
 - design elements
 - NOT for content images
 - Set background/position
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Minify Code

- Remove whitespace
 - Every little bit counts
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Optimize Images

- "Save for Web" from photoshop sucks
 - <http://kraken.io/>
 - <http://smush.it/>
 - ImageOptim
 - Shrink O'Matic
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Misc Tweaks

- Move js to bottom, css to top
 - no Inline css/js
 - don't scale images with CSS
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Benchmarks

- Yahoo! ySlow
 - Google Webmaster Tools
 - <https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/insights>
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